

Integral Bee 2026



MathSoc x TPSA



Qualifiers

Round 1

Round 1

$$\int \tan(\theta) \, d\theta$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} \frac{d\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{1} + e^{|\mathbf{x}|}}$$

$$\int_0^{1/2} \frac{\mathbf{x}}{(1 - \mathbf{x})^2} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

$$\int e^{\mathbf{x}} \sin(\mathbf{x}) \, d\mathbf{x}$$

$$\int \text{rain} \, d\text{rain}$$

Round 1 - Solutions

$$\int \tan(\theta) \, d\theta = -\ln(\cos(\mathbf{x}))$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} \frac{d\mathbf{x}}{1 + e^{|\mathbf{x}|}} = \ln(4)$$

$$\int_0^{1/2} \frac{\mathbf{x}}{(1 - \mathbf{x})^2} \, d\mathbf{x} = 1 - \ln(2)$$

$$\int e^{\mathbf{x}} \sin(\mathbf{x}) \, d\mathbf{x} = \frac{e^{\mathbf{x}}}{2} (\sin(\mathbf{x}) - \cos(\mathbf{x}))$$

$$\int \text{rain} \, d\text{rain} = \frac{1}{2}(\text{rain})^2$$

Qualifiers

Round 2

Round 2

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} x^{67} e^{-x} dx$$

$$\int \ln x \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{\tan x}{\cos^2 x} dx$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^7(x) \cos(x) \, dx$$

Round 2 - Solutions

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} = \arcsin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} x^{67} e^{-x} dx = 67!$$

$$\int \ln x \, dx = x \ln x - x + C$$

$$\int \frac{\tan x}{\cos^2 x} \, dx = \frac{\tan^2 x}{2} + C$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^7(x) \cos(x) \, dx = \frac{1}{8}$$

Qualifiers

Round 3

Round 3

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 2e^x + e^{2x}}}$$

$$\int_{-a}^a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \, dx$$

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\ln(x)}{1 + x^2} \, dx$$

$$\int_0^{2026} \frac{dx}{1 + \{x\}^2}$$

$$\int_0^{1013} \lceil \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \{x\} \rceil \, dx, \text{ where } \{x\} = x - \lfloor x \rfloor$$

Round 3 - Solutions

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 2e^x + e^{2x}}} = \ln(2)$$

$$\int_{-a}^a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \, dx = \frac{\pi a^2}{2}$$

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\ln(x)}{1 + x^2} \, dx = 0$$

$$\int_0^{2026} \frac{dx}{1 + \{x\}^2} = \frac{1013\pi}{2}$$

$$\int_0^{1013} \lceil \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \{x\} \rceil \, dx = 2026$$

Quarter Finals

Leg 1

Round 1

$$\int_{x^2+y^2=1} \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} dx$$

Round 1 - Solutions

$$\int_{x^2+y^2=1} \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} dx = 2\pi$$

Round 2

$$\int \frac{1 + \ln(x)}{x^{-x}} dx$$

Round 2 - Solutions

$$\int \frac{1 + \ln(x)}{x^{-x}} dx = x^x$$

Round 3

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \arctan(\mathbf{x}) + \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\mathbf{x}}\right) d\mathbf{x}$$

Round 3 - Solutions

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \arctan(x) + \arctan\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) dx = \frac{\pi^2}{4}$$

Quarter Finals

Leg 2

Round 1

$$\int \frac{1 + \cot(x)}{1 - \cot(x)} dx$$

Round 1 - Solutions

$$\int \frac{1 + \cot(\mathbf{x})}{1 - \cot(\mathbf{x})} d\mathbf{x} = \ln(\cos(\mathbf{x}) - \sin(\mathbf{x}))$$

Round 2

$$\int \frac{d\mathbf{x}}{\sinh(\mathbf{x})}$$

Round 2 - Solutions

$$\int \frac{d\mathbf{x}}{\sinh(\mathbf{x})} = \ln\left(\tanh\left(\frac{\mathbf{x}}{2}\right)\right)$$

Round 3

$$\int \frac{4x}{x^4 + 4} dx$$

Round 3 - Solutions

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{4x}{x^4 + 4} dx &= \arctan(x - 1) - \arctan(x + 1) + C \\ &= \arctan\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\right) + C\end{aligned}$$

Quarter Finals

Leg 3

Round 1

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - \beta^2)^{3/2}} d\beta$$

Round 1 - Solutions

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - \beta^2)^{3/2}} d\beta = \frac{\beta}{\sqrt{1 - \beta^2}}$$

Round 2

$$\int_0^{100} \lceil \sqrt{x} \rceil dx$$

Round 2 - Solutions

$$\int_0^{100} \lceil \sqrt{x} \rceil = 715$$

Round 3

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\frac{1}{3} \ln(2)} \sqrt{36e^{6x} - 9e^{12x}} \, dx$$

Round 3 - Solutions

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\frac{1}{3} \ln(2)} \sqrt{36e^{6x} - 9e^{12x}} dx = \pi$$

Quarter Finals

Leg 4

Round 1

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} dy$$

Round 1 - Solutions

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} dy = \frac{\pi}{|x|}$$

Round 2

$$\int_0^1 \frac{36x^2 + 8x - 15}{12x^3 + 4x^2 - 15x - 7} dx$$

Round 2 - Solutions

$$\int_0^1 \frac{36x^2 + 8x - 15}{12x^3 + 4x^2 - 15x - 7} dx = \ln\left(\frac{6}{7}\right)$$

Round 3

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{x+2}}{e^{e^x} \sqrt{e^x - 1}} dx$$

Rouxnd 3 - Solutions

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{x+2}}{e^{e^x} \sqrt{e^x - 1}} dx = e\sqrt{\pi}$$

Semi Finals

Leg 1

Round 1

$$\int_1^e \frac{\ln\left(2x - \frac{x^2}{2x - \frac{x^2}{\dots}}\right)}{2x - \frac{x^2}{2x - \frac{x^2}{\dots}}} dx$$

Round 1 - Solutions

$$\int_1^e \frac{\ln\left(2x - \frac{x^2}{2x - \frac{x^2}{\dots}}\right)}{2x - \frac{x^2}{2x - \frac{x^2}{\dots}}} dx = \frac{1}{2}$$

Round 2

$$\int_0^1 e^{x^2} - 1 dx + \int_0^{e-1} \sqrt{\ln(x+1)} dx$$

Round 2 - Solutions

$$\int_0^1 e^{x^2} - 1 dx + \int_0^{e-1} \sqrt{\ln(x+1)} dx = e - 1$$

Round 3

Let  $\in \mathbb{R}^d$ be a vector in an inner product space

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^d} d^d \text{bee} e^{-\langle \text{bee}, \text{bee} \rangle}$$

Round 3 - Solutions

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^d} d^d \text{🐝} e^{-\langle \text{🐝}, \text{🐝} \rangle} = (\sqrt{\pi})^d$$

Semi Finals

Leg 2

Round 1

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 1)^3}$$

Round 1 - Solutions

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 1)^3} = \frac{3\pi}{8}$$

Round 2

$$\int_{\pi/4}^{3\pi/4} \delta(\tan(x)) dx$$

Round 2 - Solutions

$$\int_{\pi/4}^{3\pi/4} \delta(\tan(\mathbf{x})) d\mathbf{x} = 0$$

Round 3

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{x}{1+x^3}} dx$$

Round 3 - Solutions

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{x}{1+x^3}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \operatorname{arcsinh}(x^{3/2})$$

Grand Finals 🐝

Round 1

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 x^n \ln(x) \, dx$$

Round 1 - Solutions

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 x^n \ln(x) \, dx = -\frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

Round 2

$$\int_{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}}^{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}} \frac{2x\sqrt{3} + 2x \tan(x^2)}{(1 - \sqrt{3} \tan(x^2))(\cos^2(x^2 + \frac{\pi}{3}))} dx$$

Round 2 - Solutions

$$\int_{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}}^{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}} \frac{2x\sqrt{3} + 2x \tan(x^2)}{(1 - \sqrt{3} \tan(x^2))(\cos^2(x^2 + \frac{\pi}{3}))} dx = \frac{1}{6}$$

Round 3

$$\int_1^{\pi} x \sqrt{x \sqrt[3]{x \sqrt[4]{x \sqrt{x \dots}}}}$$

Round 3 - Solutions

$$\int_1^{\pi} x \sqrt{x \sqrt[3]{x \sqrt[4]{x \cdots}}} = \frac{\pi^e - 1}{e}$$

Round 4

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{e^{\sin x}} (\cos x \ln(\cos x) + \tan x)}{2 (\ln(\cos x))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

Round 4 - Solutions

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{e^{\sin x}}(\cos x \ln(\cos x) + \tan x)}{2 (\ln(\cos x))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \sqrt{\frac{e^{\sin x}}{\ln(\cos x)}}$$

Round 5

$$\int_0^1 dx x^m \frac{x}{1 + x \ln(x)}, \quad \text{Series for } |x \ln(x)| < 1.$$

Round 5 - Solutions

$$\int_0^1 dx x^m \frac{x}{1+x \ln(x)} = \sum_{n=0} \left(\frac{1}{n+m+2} \right)^{n+1} \Gamma(n+1)$$